Odour

Odour can cause a nuisance to neighbours and interfere with their normal daily activities. If severe enough, it can impact on people’s health.

Odour can come from numerous sources, including compost heaps, rotting vegetation, fertilisers, rubbish and chemical odours associated with commercial processes.

Be a good neighbour

Talk to neighbours. Find out what concerns they may have and seek suggestions about solving any problems. Solutions can often be found that satisfy everyone.

The law

Under Council's Local Law No. 10 (Public Health) 1999, the release of odour on residential premises may constitute a nuisance if it causes or is likely to cause harm to human health or safety or personal injury.

Council will investigate if issues between neighbours cannot be resolved and further complaints are made.

If the odour is found to be causing a nuisance, Council may issue the person causing the odour a compliance notice, detailing the nuisance and giving a timeframe for problems to be rectified. Fines for non-compliance may be issued.

For some odour emissions, government agencies other than Council may also be responsible for enforcement.

Investigating complaints

When investigating an odour complaint, Council will consider:

- the amount of odour being emitted
- the duration and rate of emission and the odour’s characteristics and qualities
- the sensitivity of the environment into which the odour is being emitted and the impact it has had or may have
- views of any other neighbours
- any other relevant criteria.

Ways to reduce odour emissions

Accumulated vegetation or rubbish will rot and create an odour. Minimise rubbish by composting and mulching organic waste and garden clippings and by recycling plastic, glass, paper and cans.

Be careful when storing and using chemicals, paints and other products, which may cause strong and offensive odours.

Consider weather conditions before starting work that will create odour. When applying fertilisers, try to avoid windy days. Also avoid wet days as run-off to stormwater drains is harmful to our creeks and rivers. Complaints are more frequent in summer when people are outdoors and windows are open.

Where possible, enclose or cover compost bins or vegetation. Compost also requires regular turning and aerating. This may help to reduce odour.

Careful spraying of water onto fertiliser may help quicken absorption into the topsoil. Keep the topsoil damp and complete spraying before breezes develop.

For more information
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Version 2, 1 July 2014.