# 2小时/4小时原则



### The 2 hour/4 hour rule

食物描述 Food description	日期 Date	从温控设备中 取出的时间 Time taken out of temp control	活动 Activity	放回温控设备 的时间 Time placed back in temp control	总时长 Total time	纠正措施 Corrective action
例: 肉和沙拉三明治 Example: Meat and salad sandwiches	2023年4月21日 21/04/23	10:30上午 10:30 am	准备三明治 Sandwich prep	上午11:00 11 am	30分钟 30 min	放回冰箱 Back in fridge
		中午12:00 12 noon	放置于午餐柜台顶部进行展示 Display on top of lunch counter	下午1:20 1:20 pm	1小时20分钟 +30分钟 1小时50分钟 1 hr 20 mins + 30 mins 1 hr 50 min	将 <b>10</b> 个三明治放回冰箱 Put 10 sandwiches back in fridge

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### 温度控制

#### Temperature control

- ›将潜在危害性食物的温度维持在5°C及以下或60°C及以上的范围中。如果食物温度处于5°C至60°C之间,则须监控并记录该食物的温度。
- > Maintain potentially hazardous food at a temperature of 5°C or below or 60°C and above. If food is kept between 5°C and 60°C, this temperature must be monitored and recorded.
- $_{\lambda}$  在应用2小时4小时原则时,切记相应时长是累计计算的——即每次食物温度处在 $5^{\circ}$ C至 $60^{\circ}$ C之间的时长需累计算出总时长。
- > Remember when using the 2 hour/4 hour rule, that time periods are cumulative each time period that food is kept between 5°C and 60°C has to be added up to reach a total time.

### 纠正措施

#### Corrective actions

- › 如果潜在危害性食物温度处于5°C至60°C之间的时长少于2小时,则必须立刻冷藏或食用。
- > Potentially hazardous food that has been kept between 5°C and 60°C for less than two hours must be refrigerated or used immediately.
- ›如果潜在危害性食物温度处于5°C至60°C之间的时长多于2小时但少于4小时,则必须立即食用。
- > Potentially hazardous food that has been kept between 5°C and 60°C for longer than two hours but less than four hours must be used immediately.
- › 如果潜在危害性食物温度处于5°C至60°C之间的时长多于4小时,则必须丢弃。
- > Potentially hazardous food that has been kept between 5°C and 60°C for longer than four hours must be thrown out.



