Australian Sports Commission

## AusPlay Focus

## Women and Girls

## Participation

## AusPlay

## Participation data for sport

The relationship
Australians have with sport and physical activity differs on many variables, including gender.

This publication delves into the participation of Australian women and girls in sport and physical activity, and the difference between male and female patterns of behaviour.

It uses AusPlay data collected from July 2016 to June 2017.

The Government is encouraging young women to take part in physical activity via the inspiring ‘Girls - Make Your Move' campaign. The campaign targets girls aged 12-19 years, promoting physical activity and sport as fun with many positive benefits - inspiring, energising and empowering young women to be more active.

> We continue to support more women to participate in sport and physical activity and into leadership positions in sport.

## How active are Australian women 15+? A Snapshot

A quick look at how much time and money adult women (15+) spend on sport and physical activity.

## Physical activity frequency

## AT LEAST ONCE A YEAR




NON-SPORT PHYSICAL ACTIVITIES¹


Average time spent per week on sport and physical activity
${ }^{1}$ Average time spent per week on non-sport physical activities by those who participate in non-sport physical activities.
${ }^{2}$ Average time spent per week on sport-related activities by those who participate in sport-related activities.

## \$560

57\% of active women paid to participate in sport or physical activity


Average annual expenditure on sport and physical activity ${ }^{3}$

[^0]
## How active are Australian women 15+? A Snapshot

## TOP 10 MOTIVATIONS



| Lose or maintain weight/tone | $\mathbf{2 1 \%}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Psychological/ mental health/ <br> therapy | $\mathbf{1 9 \%}$ |
| To be outdoors/enjoy nature | $\mathbf{1 6 \%}$ |
| Walk the dog | $\mathbf{1 4 \%}$ |
| Way of getting around | $\mathbf{9 \%}$ |
| Physio/rehab/physical therapy/ <br> post op | $\mathbf{9 \%}$ |
| Hobby | $\mathbf{5 \%}$ |

## TOP 10 BARRIERS



## How active are Australian women 15+? <br> A Snapshot

The chart below shows the participation profile across different ages and groups to identify key opportunities - how many females (\%) have participated in the last 12 months and the average number of times participated weekly.


## Overall women are as active as men

The common perception is that women and/or girls are less active than men and/or boys.

AusPlay data however, shows that girls and women are just as active as boys and men.

## Participation in sport and physical activity overall*



Participation in organised sport and physical activity*

*At least once per year

## Women are more active in some areas

In fact, when it comes to non-sport-related physical activity, women have a higher participation rate than men.

Participation in non-sport-related physical activity*

*At least once per year


## Women are more active in some areas

Women are much more likely to take part in non-sport-related activities such as gym/fitness and walking.


Participation in gym/fitness*



## Women are less active in sport

However, it is true that women are less active than men when it comes to sport-related activities.

Participation in sport-related activities (sport)*


Participation in team sport*

*At least once per year

## Women are less active in sport

In particular both women and girls are also less active then men and boys in club sport.

Participation in club sport (Adults 15+)*


Participation in club sport (Children 0-14)*


FEMALES

years
77\%

*At least once per year

## So, are women less active?

## Frequency

Women are just as active and participate as frequently as men overall.

Participation frequency by gender (Adults 15+)


FEMALES

times per week

## So, are women less active?

## Duration

The main difference lies in the fact that women's active sessions tend to be much shorter on average.

This could be linked to the types of activities they most participate in (e.g. fitness classes, walking) and is a reflection of their lack of time for activities especially during the most busy periods of parenthood.

## Average duration (in hours) of last session by gender




8
Non-sport-related physical activities tend to be less intensive than sportrelated activities. Women could benefit from more targeted sport products, given the more intensive and longer nature of sport-related physical activity.

## What sports/activities are women (15+) playing?

A large majority of women are active in Endurance/Health or Fitness activities, such as walking, fitness/gym, swimming, running/jogging, cycling, yoga, bush walking or pilates.

## Top 10 activities for women (15+)*

By population numbers and percentages
SPORT
NON-SPORT PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

53.6\%

## Walking

(recreational)
Population estimate 5,405,226

7.6\%

Yoga
Population estimate 766,241

36.8\%

Fitness/ Gym

Population estimate 3,714,331

6.4\%

Bush Walking
Population estimate 644,906

17.0\%

## Swimming

Population estimate 1,719,598

13.7\%

Running (incl. athletics)

Population estimate 1,378,585

5.0\%

Pilates
Population estimate 505,410

8.5\%

Cycling
Population estimate 855,231

3.9\%

Tennis
Population estimate 395,757

# Meeting the physical activity guidelines (15+) Frequency, duration and intensity 

What are the physical activity guidelines?*

| AGE GROUPS | FREQUENCY AND DURATION | INTENSITY REQUIREMENTS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 15-17 years | 60 minutes+ every day <br> (at least 7 times a week on average was used <br> for our calculations) | moderate to vigorous <br> intensity |
| 18-64 years | Accumulate 150 to 300 minutes $(21 / 2$ to 5 hours) of moderate intensity <br> physical activity or 75 to 150 minutes ( $11 / 4$ to $21 / 2$ hours) of vigorous intensity <br> physical activity, or an equivalent combination of both moderate and <br> vigorous activities, each week. Be active on most, preferably all, days every <br> week (at least 5 times a week on average was used for our calculations) |  |
| 65+ years | 30 minutes+ every day <br> (at least 7 times a week on average was used <br> for our calculations) | moderate intensity <br> recommended |

*This is a simplified version of the Guidelines (focused on frequency, duration and intensity). It does not include guidelines for children aged 0 to 14, or guidelines revolving around muscle and bone strengthening activities. The detailed Guidelines can be found at: health.gov,au/internet/main/publishing.nsf/Content/health-pubhlth-strateg-phys-act-guidelines

## Who is meeting the guidelines?



# Meeting the physical activity guidelines (Adults 15+) Frequency, duration and intensity 

## How many Australian women 15+ are active enough according to the guidelines?



## An estimated 13.1 million Australian adults overall did not meet the guidelines



Please note that meeting the guidelines (or not) is derived from AusPlay data using a number of assumptions and calculations:

- AusPlay collects participation data for more than 380 activities, including frequency of participation in the activity and duration of the last session;
- The ASC has classified all activities by level of intensity (moderate or vigorous). For example, 'walking' was classified as a moderate activity while 'running/jogging' was classified as a vigorous activity;
- Total time participated in each intensity category can then be derived, converted into a weekly form and standardised for comparison ( 10 minutes of vigorous intensity is equal to 20 minutes of moderate intensity activity);
- Finally both moderate and vigorous intensity total derived times of physical activity are categorised according to the above simplified guidelines.


## How parenthood affects activity levels

Having a child affects many parents' ability to lead an active lifestyle, particularly whilst their children are young. Perhaps surprisingly, the effect of parenthood on physical activity seems to be just as pronounced (if not more so) for men.

This may be because men are more likely to be involved in sport-related activities, and those activities tend to be of longer average duration.

How does parenthood affect activity levels?
(participate at least 3 times per week)


Younger family breakdown


How can sports modify products for parents to alleviate this negative effect? How can sports be provided in a more flexible format to allow time-poor parents to continue playing their sports?

## How active are Australian girls 0-14? A Snapshot

Frequency<br>(organised participation outside of school hours)

## AT LEAST ONCE A YEAR



Participation in organised sport and physical activity outside of school hours*

*At least once per year

## Are girls less active than boys?

The participation levels of girls and boys in sport-related activities are almost the same. However, as is the case with adult women, girls are much more likely to take part in non-sport-related physical activities.

Participation in organised out of school hours sport-related activities (sport)*


Participation in organised outside of school hours non-sport-related physical activities*

*At least once per year

## What sports/activities are girls (0-14) playing?

Swimming is by far the most popular activity for girls. However, this is mostly learn to swim classes. Agility activities such as dancing and gymnastics are also very popular with girls.

Compared to women, girls are more likely to participate in sport-related activities including team sports such as netball, football and basketball.

Top 10 activities for girls (0-14)*
By population numbers and percentages

SPORT<br>NON-SPORT PHYSICAL ACTIVITY


35.0\%

Swimming
Population estimate 795,778

15.4\%

Dancing
(recreational)
Population estimate 350,858

14.0\%

Netball
Population estimate 318,967

5.7\%

Running
(incl. athletics)
Population estimate 128,651

5.3\%

Basketball
Population estimate 119,301

4.9\%

Tennis
Population estimate 111,738

12.1\%

Gymnastics
Population estimate 275,492

6.4\%

Football
Population estimate 146,061

4.7\%
Dance Sport
Population estimate 106,814


## 2.6\%

## Australian Football

Population estimate 59,899

## Different activities for different life stages

## Top 5 activities (by age group and gender)*

AGE GROUP

## Different activities for different life stages

## Top 5 activities (by age group and gender)*

AGE GROUP

## Different activities for different life stages

## 25-34, 35-44 and 45-54*

By this stage, women seldom participate in team sports.


55+*

More than 2/3rd of women at this stage are walking recreationally.

*At least once per year

## In summary



## WOMEN AND GIRLS ARE AS ACTIVE AS MEN AND BOYS...

... both in overall participation and frequency of participation.


The types of activities that women undertake are, on average, slightly less intense and shorter in duration than men.

Any form of physical activity is good

- messages on encouraging women's participation could focus on investing a bit more time or to consider a wider range of activity options that suit their exercise needs.


## In summary

AusPlay data indicates that overall...

## GIRLS ARE

 ALMOST AS
## LIKELY AS BOYS TO PLAY SPORT.

However when they grow up, women are less likely to participate in sport than men.

Governments and the sport sector need to continue the positive and empowering messages to girls that they are capable of doing any activities or sports that boys can ${ }^{1}$.

It is important that sports understand the reasons why women are less active in sport and modify their products to better cater to this important audience.

[^1]
## In summary



## PHYSICAL HEALTH ,FUN AND SOCIALISING.

## Aside from young women participating in netball, women generally have low participation rates in team sports.

If team sports want to encourage more women participating, they need to review how they offer a quality experience that better meets women's needs and create opportunities for women to exercise with friends in a fun environment. The social benefits ofsport and physical activity are increasingly resonating.

Results from the Australian Government Department of Health's evaluation of the 2017 'Girls Make Your Move' Campaign ${ }^{1}$
recommend that a focus on the 'how' and the 'why' will be important for helping motivate young adult women (where the exodus from sport and team sports happens) who want to keep or increase their activity levels in the face of other growing prioritises and interests. To counter strong motivational barriers, the 'why' needs to be expressed in terms which resonate at a more personal level to boost relevance and reduce 'distancing' of themselves from the message. Given they are not always keen to try new things, their 'how' messages should focus on activities they already know but which may have been re-invented with new formats.
${ }^{1}$ Australian Government Department of Health's evaluation of the 2017 'Girls Make Your Move' Campaign, GfK Research Report, 17 August 2017.

## About AusPlay

## The Australian Sports Commission (ASC) aims to make Australian sport stronger.

## The AusPlay survey (AusPlay) is a key pillar of the ASC's game plan to get more Australians participating in organised sport more often.

The ASC is helping sports to thrive in a rapidly changing environment. This starts with research and insights into participation trends.

AusPlay is a national population tracking survey funded and led by the ASC. It provides the sport sector with accurate and reliable information on Australia's participation trends in sport and physical activity. AusPlay is an independent research project at the population level which measures all types of activities in a consistent and comparable way.

## The three main objectives of AusPlay are to:

- Provide insights to help sports grow participation and track trends.
- Provide data that informs government investment, policy and program delivery.
- Identify and describe links between sport participation and other influential factors.


Australian Government
Australian Sports Commission

Any further questions about AusPlay (or queries for additional customised reporting/ further analysis of the dataset) can be directed to Sport Market Insights at the ASC via:
AusPlay@ausport.gov.au.


[^0]:    ${ }^{3}$ Among those women who pay to participate.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Australian Government Department of Health's evaluation of the 2017 'Girls Make Your Move' Campaign, GfK Research Report, 17 August 2017.

